
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001, or

o

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-15827

VISTEON CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

5500 Auto Club Drive, Dearborn, Michigan
(Address of principal executive offices)

38-3519512
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)
48126
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (800)-VISTEON

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Applicable Only to Corporate Issuers: Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of June 30, 2001, the Registrant had outstanding 130,657,975 shares of Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share.

Exhibit index located on page number 17.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

[CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME](#)
[CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET](#)
[CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS](#)
[NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS](#)
[REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS](#)
[PART II. OTHER INFORMATION](#)
[SIGNATURE](#)
[EXHIBIT INDEX](#)
[EX-12.1 - Statement of Computation of Ratios](#)
[EX -15.1 - Letter From PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP](#)

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the Periods Ended June 30, 2001 and 2000

(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	(unaudited)		(unaudited)	
Sales				
Ford and affiliates	\$4,067	\$4,571	\$7,980	\$ 9,047
Other customers	838	738	1,648	1,487
Total sales	4,905	5,309	9,628	10,534
Costs and expenses (Notes 2 and 3)				
Costs of sales	4,686	4,849	9,152	9,644
Selling, administrative and other expenses	261	192	450	369
Total costs and expenses	4,947	5,041	9,602	10,013
Operating income (loss)	(42)	268	26	521
Interest income	14	18	33	52
Interest expense	36	30	72	87
Net interest expense	(22)	(12)	(39)	(35)
Equity in net income of affiliated companies	7	10	11	17
Income (loss) before income taxes	(57)	266	(2)	503
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(23)	96	(4)	182
Income (loss) before minority interests	(34)	170	2	321
Minority interests in net income of subsidiaries	6	8	11	12
Net income (loss)	\$ (40)	\$ 162	\$ (9)	\$ 309
Average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding (Note 4)	131	130	131	130
Earnings (loss) and dividends per share (Note 4)				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.31)	\$ 1.25	\$ (0.07)	\$ 2.38
Cash dividends	\$ 0.06	\$ —	\$ 0.12	\$ —

The accompanying notes are part of the financial statements.

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(in millions)

	June 30, 2001	December 31, 2000
	(unaudited)	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,195	\$ 1,412
Marketable securities	68	65
Total cash and marketable securities	1,263	1,477

Accounts receivable — Ford and affiliates	1,835	1,333
Accounts receivable — other customers	903	857
Total receivables	2,738	2,190
Inventories (Note 5)	908	948
Deferred income taxes	193	192
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	134	198
Total current assets	5,236	5,005
Equity in net assets of affiliated companies	147	142
Net property	5,394	5,497
Deferred income taxes	126	100
Other assets	517	581
Total assets	\$11,420	\$11,325
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Trade payables	\$ 2,079	\$ 1,949
Accrued liabilities	1,011	1,086
Income taxes payable	109	147
Debt payable within one year	581	622
Total current liabilities	3,780	3,804
Long-term debt	1,390	1,397
Other liabilities	2,835	2,601
Deferred income taxes	16	18
Total liabilities	8,021	7,820
Stockholders' equity		
Capital stock		
Preferred Stock, par value \$1.00, 50 million shares authorized, none outstanding	—	—
Common Stock, par value \$1.00, 500 million shares authorized, 131 million shares issued and outstanding	131	131
Capital in excess of par value of stock	3,315	3,311
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(246)	(179)
Other	(30)	(12)
Earnings retained for use in business	229	254
Total stockholders' equity	3,399	3,505
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$11,420	\$11,325

The accompanying notes are part of the financial statements.

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Periods Ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 (in millions)

	First Half 2001	First Half 2000
	(unaudited)	
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	\$1,412	\$ 1,849
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	182	(1,619)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(340)	(284)
Purchases of securities	(148)	—
Sales and maturities of securities	145	—
Other	35	(13)
Net cash used in investing activities	(308)	(297)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Cash distributions from prior owner	—	85

Commercial paper (repayments) issuances, net	(9)	410
Payments on short-term debt	—	(509)
Proceeds from issuance of short-term debt	1	1,200
Proceeds from issuance of other debt	54	14
Principal payments on other debt	(97)	(200)
Purchase of treasury stock	(20)	—
Cash dividends	(16)	—
Other	—	21
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(87)	1,021
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(4)	11
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(217)	(884)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	\$1,195	\$ 965
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The accompanying notes are part of the financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. Financial Statements — The financial data presented herein are unaudited, but in the opinion of management reflect those adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of such information. Results for interim periods should not be considered indicative of results for a full year. Reference should be made to the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2001.

Visteon Corporation (“Visteon”) is a leading, global supplier of automotive systems, modules and components. Visteon sells products primarily to global vehicle manufacturers, and also sells to the worldwide aftermarket for replacement and vehicle appearance enhancement parts. Visteon became an independent company when Ford Motor Company (“Ford”) established Visteon as a wholly-owned subsidiary in January 2000 and subsequently transferred to Visteon the assets and liabilities comprising Ford’s automotive components and systems business. Ford completed its spin-off of Visteon on June 28, 2000 (the “spin-off”). Prior to incorporation, Visteon operated as Ford’s automotive components and systems business.

2. Selected costs and expenses are summarized as follows:

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
		(in millions)		
Depreciation	\$142	\$155	\$282	\$299
Amortization	26	21	56	43
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	\$168	\$176	\$338	\$342
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

3. Special Charges — During the second quarter of 2001, as part of a review of staff and plant operations, Visteon eliminated more than 2,000 salaried positions worldwide. As a result of these actions, Visteon recorded a pre-tax charge of \$146 million in the second quarter of 2001 reflecting retirement and separation programs that were implemented during the quarter. About 90% of the separations were completed in the second quarter of 2001. The remaining separations, related primarily to European employees that have accepted benefits under voluntary programs, will be completed during the second half of 2001.

In addition, Visteon recorded a pre-tax charge in the second quarter of 2001 of \$12 million related to the planned closure of two European facilities, ZEM in Poland and Wickford in the U.K., and other actions.

Of the total pre-tax charges of \$158 million (\$100 million after-tax) described above, \$81 million is recorded in selling, administrative and other expenses and \$77 million is recorded in costs of sales, and \$142 million is recorded by the Automotive Operations segment and \$16 million is recorded by the Glass Operations segment. As of June 30, 2001, Visteon has spent or utilized about \$87 million related to these charges, which includes \$50 million incurred related to special pension and other

postretirement benefits, \$32 million of cash payments mainly for severance pay and \$5 million related to the non-cash write-down to fair value of certain plant assets.

During the second quarter of 2000, Visteon recorded a pre-tax charge of approximately \$13 million (\$8 million after-tax) for Visteon-designated employees that were part of special voluntary retirement and separation programs.

[Table of Contents](#)

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(unaudited)

4. Income Per Share of Common Stock — Basic income per share of common stock is calculated by dividing the income attributable to common stock by the average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the applicable period, adjusted for restricted stock. The calculation of diluted income per share takes into account the effect of dilutive potential common stock, such as stock options and restricted stock. For the second quarter and first half of 2001 potential common stock of about 404,000 and 202,000 shares, respectively, is excluded as its effect would have been antidilutive. For purposes of the earnings per share calculations, 130 million shares of common stock are treated as outstanding for periods prior to the spin-off from Ford.

Shareholder approval was obtained at the May 2001 Annual Meeting of the Visteon Shareholders for the Visteon Corporation 2000 Incentive Plan (“Incentive Plan”), and the related awards granted under this plan through such date, and the Visteon Corporation Employees Equity Incentive Plan (“EEIP”). The total number of shares of Visteon common stock subject to awards under the Incentive Plan and EEIP is 13 million and 6.5 million shares, respectively.

During the second quarter of 2001, Visteon granted under the Incentive Plan about 900,000 shares of performance-based restricted stock and granted under the Incentive Plan and EEIP options covering about 3.1 million shares with an exercise price equal to the average of the highest and lowest prices at which Visteon common stock was traded on the New York Stock Exchange on the grant date. The performance-based restricted stock awards vest upon the achievement of the applicable performance goals at the completion of a performance period, which is generally three years. Performance goals are related to return on equity and quality measures. Compensation expense is recognized over the performance period based upon an estimate of the likelihood of achieving the performance goals and also reflects changes in the price of Visteon common stock. Stock options will become exercisable one-third after one year from the date of grant, an additional one-third after two years and in full after three years, and expire 10 years from the date of grant.

5. Inventories are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2001	December 31, 2000
	(in millions)	
Raw materials, work-in-process and supplies	\$765	\$829
Finished products	143	119
	—	—
Total inventories	\$908	\$948
	—	—
U.S. inventories	\$572	\$586

[Table of Contents](#)

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(unaudited)

6. Debt — During the second quarter of 2001, Visteon amended its financing arrangements with third-party lenders that provide \$2 billion of contractually committed, unsecured revolving credit facilities. The amendments extended the maturity dates on both the 364-day and long-term facilities by one year, while all other terms remained substantially the same.

7. Comprehensive Income — Other comprehensive income mainly includes foreign currency translation adjustments. Total comprehensive income is summarized as follows:

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	(in millions)			
Net income (loss)	\$(40)	\$162	\$ (9)	\$309
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(47)	(21)	(67)	(58)
	—	—	—	—
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$(87)	\$141	\$(76)	\$251
	—	—	—	—

8. Accounting Change — Visteon adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133 (“SFAS 133”), “Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities,” on January 1, 2001. SFAS 133 (as amended by SFAS 137 and 138) establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. It requires recognition of all derivatives as either assets or liabilities on the balance sheet and measurement of the instruments at fair value. The change in fair value of a derivative is required to be recorded each period in current earnings or other comprehensive income, depending on whether the derivative is designated as part of a hedge transaction and if so, the type of hedge transaction.

Consistent with the first quarter of 2001, the impact of implementing this new standard on Visteon’s results of operations and financial condition for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, was not material.

9. Segment Information — Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision makers, or a decision making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Visteon’s chief operating decision-making group is the Strategy Council, which is comprised of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and six other senior executives.

[Table of Contents](#)

VISTEON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(unaudited)

9. Segment Information — (Continued) — In the second quarter of 2001, Visteon implemented a new organization which is focused on customer business groups, and supported by centralized product development, manufacturing and administrative functions. Consistent with the new organization, Visteon’s reportable operating segments are Automotive Operations and Glass Operations. Automotive Operations provides various automotive systems and components mainly to OEM customers; Glass Operations supplies architectural and flat glass to a broad customer base, including OEMs. The new segments replace the previous product-oriented reportable operating segments. Prior year information has been restated to conform with the new organization. Financial information for the reportable operating segments is summarized as follows:

	Automotive Operations	Glass Operations	Total Visteon
	(in millions)		
Second Quarter			
2001			
Sales	\$ 4,730	\$175	\$ 4,905
Income (loss) before taxes	(45)	(12)	(57)
Net income (loss)	(33)	(7)	(40)
Average assets	11,113	309	11,422
2000			
Sales	\$ 5,105	\$204	\$ 5,309
Income (loss) before taxes	284	(18)	266
Net income (loss)	173	(11)	162
Average assets	11,134	609	11,743
First Half			
2001			
Sales	\$ 9,288	\$340	\$ 9,628
Income (loss) before taxes	15	(17)	(2)
Net income (loss)	—	(9)	(9)
Average assets	11,069	304	11,373

2000			
Sales	\$10,133	\$401	\$10,534
Income (loss) before taxes	523	(20)	503
Net income (loss)	321	(12)	309
Average assets	11,395	677	12,072

[Table of Contents](#)

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders

Visteon Corporation

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Visteon Corporation and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2001, and the related consolidated statement of income and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2001 and June 30, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We previously audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2000, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated January 17, 2001 we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet information as of December 31, 2000, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Detroit, Michigan

July 18, 2001

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This report contains forward-looking statements made pursuant to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek" and "estimate" signify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future results and conditions but rather are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Some of these risks and uncertainties are identified in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2001. The risks and uncertainties so identified are not the only ones facing our company. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial also may adversely affect us. Should any risks and uncertainties develop into actual events, these developments could have material adverse effects on our business, financial condition and results of operations. For these reasons, we caution you not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.

The financial data presented herein are unaudited, but in the opinion of management reflect those adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of such information. Results for interim periods should not be considered indicative of results for a full year. Reference should be made to the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes

included in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2001.

Overview

In the second quarter of 2001 Visteon's worldwide sales were \$4.9 billion, compared with \$5.3 billion in the second quarter of 2000. Visteon reported a net loss of \$40 million in the second quarter of 2001, including restructuring costs of \$100 million after taxes. Second quarter net income excluding restructuring costs was \$60 million, compared with net income of \$162 million in the second quarter of 2000.

Worldwide sales totaled \$9.6 billion in the first six months of 2001, compared with \$10.5 billion in the first six months of 2000. Net loss was \$9 million in the first six months of 2001, compared with net income of \$309 million in 2000. Excluding restructuring costs of \$100 million after taxes, net income in the first six months of 2001 was \$91 million.

In the second quarter of 2001, Visteon implemented a number of restructuring actions which will contribute favorably to cost reduction efforts. These actions included implementation of a new corporate structure, which included the elimination of about 2,000 salaried positions worldwide, and the announcement of the closure of two European facilities and consolidation of the work to other Visteon facilities.

As a result of these actions, Visteon recorded a pre-tax charge of \$158 million (\$100 million after taxes), of which \$146 million (\$92 million after taxes) is associated with the salaried restructuring and \$12 million (\$8 million after taxes) related primarily to the closure of two European facilities. The salaried restructuring actions have already yielded cost savings and other benefits, with payback expected in no more than one year.

Consistent with the new corporate structure, segment reporting was changed to reflect the following segments: Automotive Operations and Glass Operations. Automotive Operations provides various automotive systems and components mainly to OEM customers; Glass Operations supplies architectural and flat glass to a broad customer base, including OEM's. The new segments replace the previous product-oriented reportable operating segments: Comfort, Communication & Safety, Dynamics & Energy Conversion, and Glass.

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — (Continued)

Results of Operations

Second Quarter 2001 Compared with Second Quarter 2000

The following table shows sales attributable to each of our segments for the periods indicated:

	Second Quarter		2001 (Under) 2000
	2001	2000	
	(in millions)		
Automotive Operations	\$4,730	\$5,105	\$(375)
Glass Operations	175	204	(29)
Total sales	\$4,905	\$5,309	\$(404)

Sales for Automotive Operations were \$4.7 billion, compared with \$5.1 billion in the second quarter of 2000, a decrease of \$375 million. Sales for Glass Operations were \$175 million in the second quarter of 2001, compared with \$204 million in the second quarter of 2000, a decline of \$29 million. The decrease in sales for Automotive Operations reflects primarily year-over-year reductions in customer production volumes in North America, annual price reductions granted to our customers and unfavorable currency factors. Sales realized from new business with Ford and other customers were a partial offset. The decrease in sales for our Glass Operations segment reflects primarily lower North American customer production volumes.

The following table shows net income (loss) for each of our segments for the periods indicated:

Second Quarter		2001 Over/(Under) 2000
2001	2000	

		(in millions)	
Automotive Operations	\$(33)	\$173	\$(206)
Glass Operations	(7)	(11)	4
	—	—	—
Total net income (loss)	\$(40)	\$162	\$(202)
	—	—	—

Net loss for Automotive Operations was \$33 million in the second quarter of 2001, compared with net income of \$173 million in the second quarter of 2000. Net loss for Glass Operations was \$7 million in the second quarter of 2001, an improvement of \$4 million compared with the second quarter of 2000. Second quarter 2001 results included after-tax restructuring costs of \$90 million and \$10 million for Automotive Operations and Glass Operations, respectively. The decrease in net income for Automotive Operations reflected primarily customer price reductions, lower customer production in North America and restructuring costs, offset partially by cost reductions. The decrease in losses for our Glass Operations segment reflects cost reductions from improved operating efficiencies, offset partially by restructuring costs and lower production volumes. Second quarter 2001 results for Glass Operations were also impacted favorably by lower depreciation cost.

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — (Continued)

First Half 2001 Compared with First Half 2000

The following table shows sales attributable to each of our segments for the first half of 2001 and 2000:

	First Half		2001 (Under) 2000
	2001	2000	
	(in millions)		
Automotive Operations	\$9,288	\$10,133	\$(845)
Glass Operations	340	401	(61)
	—	—	—
Total sales	\$9,628	\$10,534	\$(906)
	—	—	—

Sales for our Automotive Operations segment were \$9.3 billion, compared with \$10.1 billion in the first half of 2000, a decrease of \$845 million. Glass Operations sales were \$340 million in the first half of 2001, compared with \$401 million in the first half of 2000, a decline of \$61 million. The decrease in sales for Automotive Operations reflects primarily year-over-year reductions in customer production volumes in North America, annual price reductions granted to our customers and unfavorable currency factors. Sales realized from new business were a partial offset. The decrease in sales for our Glass Operations segment reflects primarily lower North American customer production volumes and annual price reductions granted to our customers.

The following table shows net income (loss) for each of our segments for the first half of 2001 and 2000:

	First Half		2001 Over/(Under) 2000
	2001	2000	
	(in millions)		
Automotive Operations	\$—	\$321	\$(321)
Glass Operations	(9)	(12)	3
	—	—	—
Total net income (loss)	\$(9)	\$309	\$(318)
	—	—	—

Automotive Operations in the first half of 2001 were break-even, down \$321 million from the first half of 2000. Net loss for Glass Operations was \$9 million in the first half of 2001, reflecting an improvement of \$3 million compared with the first half of 2000. First half of 2001 results include after-tax restructuring costs of \$90 million and \$10 million for Automotive Operations and Glass Operations, respectively. The decrease in net income for Automotive Operations was primarily the result of customer price reductions, lower customer production in North America and restructuring costs, offset partially by cost reductions. The decrease in net loss for our Glass Operations segment reflects improved operating efficiencies, offset partially by decreased customer production volumes, restructuring costs and annual price reductions granted to our customers. First half of 2001 results for Glass Operations were also impacted favorably by lower depreciation cost.

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — (Continued)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our balance sheet reflects cash and marketable securities of almost \$1.3 billion and total debt of \$2 billion at June 30, 2001, and total cash and marketable securities of \$1.5 billion and total debt of \$2 billion at December 31, 2000. Our net debt, defined as the amount that total debt exceeds total cash and marketable securities, was \$708 million at June 30, 2001, and \$542 million at December 31, 2000. The change in our cash and marketable securities and net debt reflects primarily a seasonal increase in trade working capital levels required to support higher sales activity during the latter half of the second quarter of 2001, compared with sales activity in the latter half of the fourth quarter of 2000.

Our ratio of total debt to total capital, which consists of total debt plus total stockholders' equity, was 37% at June 30, 2001, unchanged from the December 31, 2000 level.

We have a commercial paper program providing up to \$2 billion of borrowing ability. In June 2001, we amended our financing arrangements with third-party lenders that provide \$2 billion of contractually committed, unsecured revolving credit facilities. The financing arrangements are a 364-day revolving credit line and a long-term revolving credit line providing funding until June 2006. Any borrowings under the revolving credit facilities would bear interest based on a variable interest rate option selected at the time of borrowing. We intend to use the commercial paper program as our primary short-term financing source and do not intend to exceed \$2 billion of aggregate borrowing under the commercial paper program and revolving credit facilities. As of June 30, 2001, the outstanding balance under our commercial paper program was \$346 million; we had no borrowings under our revolving credit facilities.

We expect cash flow from operations and borrowings, and from available liquidity, to fund requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, research and development, pension funding, dividends and debt service for at least the next year.

Cash Flows

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities during the first six months of 2001 totaled \$182 million, compared with cash used by operating activities of \$1.6 billion for the same period in 2000. Cash provided by operating activities in the first six months of 2001 reflected primarily profits from operations before depreciation and amortization, offset partially by changes in working capital. Net cash used in operating activities during the first six months of 2000 was caused primarily by changes in receivables, payables, and other working capital items resulting primarily from effects associated with our spin-off from Ford, including payments totaling about \$570 million to Ford to prepay certain healthcare costs for active employees.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities was \$308 million during the first six months of 2001, compared with \$297 million for the same period in 2000, reflecting primarily capital expenditures. Our capital expenditures were \$340 million during the first six months of 2001, and are in line with expected full year capital expenditures of about \$800 million in 2001.

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — (Continued)

Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities totaled \$87 million in the first six months of 2001, compared with cash provided by financing activities of \$1 billion in the first six months of 2000. For the first six months of 2001, cash used in financing activities reflects primarily repayments of debt and about \$20 million related to the purchase of approximately 1.1 million shares of common stock related to stock awards granted under stock incentive plans. For the first six months of 2000, cash provided by financing activities of \$1 billion reflects primarily actions associated with our spin-off from Ford, including proceeds from issuances of commercial paper and borrowings under a \$1.2 billion short-term unsecured financing arrangement with a third-party lender, net of repayments of debt primarily to Ford.

On July 11, 2001, the Visteon Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.06 per share on the company's common stock, payable on September 4, 2001, to the stockholders of record as of August 3, 2001. The dividend of \$0.06 per share declared by the Visteon Board of Directors on April 11, 2001, was paid on June 1, 2001.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There are no known material changes to our exposures to market risk at this time.

New Accounting Standards

Visteon adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133 ("SFAS 133"), "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," on January 1, 2001. SFAS 133 (as amended by SFAS 137 and 138) establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. It requires recognition of all derivatives as either assets or liabilities on the balance sheet and measurement of the instruments at fair value. Consistent with the first quarter of 2001, the impact of implementing this new standard on Visteon's results of operations and financial condition for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, was not material.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 ("SFAS 142"), "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," was recently approved by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. SFAS 142 establishes a new accounting standard for goodwill acquired in a business combination. SFAS 142 would continue to require recognition of goodwill as an asset but would no longer permit amortization of goodwill. In addition, SFAS 142 establishes a new method of testing goodwill for impairment by using a fair-value based approach. In accordance with the transition provisions of SFAS 142, goodwill related to acquisitions made prior to June 30, 2001 shall no longer be amortized starting in the first quarter of 2002. Total goodwill included in other assets, net of accumulated amortization, was \$357 million at June 30, 2001. Amortization expense related to goodwill for the first half of 2001 was about \$12 million.

Other Financial Information

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, our independent accountants, performed a limited review of the financial data presented on pages 1 through 7 inclusive. The review was performed in accordance with standards for such reviews established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The review did not constitute an audit; accordingly, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP did not express an opinion on the aforementioned data. Their review report included herein is not a "report" within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the 1933 Act and the independent accountant's liability under Section 11 does not extend to it.

[Table of Contents](#)

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in legal proceedings, which are ordinary, routine proceedings, incidental to the conduct of our business. We do not believe that any legal proceedings to which we are a party will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations, although such an outcome is possible.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders was held on May 9, 2001. At the meeting, the following matters were submitted to a vote of the stockholders:

- (1) The election of two directors to serve for a three-year term beginning at the 2001 annual stockholders' meeting and expiring at the 2004 annual stockholders' meeting. The vote with respect to each nominee was as follows:

Nominee	For	Withheld
Steven K. Hamp	110,158,840	2,359,885
Robert M. Teeter	110,142,343	2,376,382

- (2) The ratification of the appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as Visteon's independent auditors for the fiscal year 2001.

For	Against	Abstain
110,245,130	1,699,595	574,000

- (3) The ratification of the board's adoption of the Visteon Corporation 2000 Incentive Plan.

For	Against	Abstain
73,859,472	11,286,518	1,021,583
(4) The ratification of the board's adoption of the Visteon Corporation Restricted Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors.		
For	Against	Abstain
76,211,581	7,722,553	2,233,439
(5) The ratification of the board's adoption of the Visteon Corporation Employees Equity Incentive Plan.		
For	Against	Abstain
75,931,989	9,153,182	1,082,402
14		

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Please refer to the Exhibit Index on Page 17.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Registrant filed the following Current Reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended June 30, 2001:

Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 4, 2001, included information relating to our restructuring.

Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 11, 2001, included information relating to the declaration of a cash dividend.

Current Report on form 8-K dated April 20, 2001, included information relating to our first quarter 2001 results.

15

[Table of Contents](#)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VISTEON CORPORATION

By: /s/ PHILIP G. PFEFFERLE

Philip G. Pfefferle
Vice President, Controller and
Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: July 24, 2001

16

[Table of Contents](#)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Name
-------------------	--------------

3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (1)
3.2	Amended and Restated By-laws (1)
4.1	Indenture dated as of June 23, 2000 with Bank One Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee (2)
4.2	Form of Visteon Common Stock Certificate (3)
10.1	Master Transfer Agreement (4)
10.2	Purchase and Supply Agreement (4)
10.3	Letter Relating to Price Reductions (4)
10.4	Master Separation Agreement (5)
10.5	Aftermarket Relationship Agreement (3)
10.6	Hourly Employee Assignment Agreement (3)
10.7	Employee Transition Agreement (3)
10.8	Tax Sharing Agreement (4)
10.9	2000 Incentive Plan (6)
10.10	Form of Revised Change in Control Agreement (7)
10.11	Issuing and Paying Agency Agreement (1)
10.12	Master Note (1)
10.13	Letter Loan Agreement (1)
10.14	Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors (7)
10.15	Restricted Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (8)
10.16	Deferred Compensation Plan (7)
10.17	Form of Savings Parity Plan (7)
10.18	Form of Pension Parity Plan (7)
10.19	Form of Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (7)
12.1	Statement re: Computation of Ratios
15.1	Letter of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Accountants, dated July 24, 2001, relating to Financial Information

-
- (1) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with Visteon's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000, filed July 24, 2000 (File No. 001-15827).
- (2) Incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 filed with Visteon's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated July 31, 2000, filed August 16, 2000 (File No. 001-15827).
- (3) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with Amendment No. 1 to Visteon's Registration Statement on Form 10, filed May 19, 2000 (File No. 001-15827).
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with Visteon's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed June 2, 2000 (File No. 333-38388).
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with Amendment No. 1 to Visteon's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed June 6, 2000 (Registration No. 333-38388).
- (6) Incorporated by reference to Appendix E of Visteon's 2001 Proxy Statement, filed on March 26, 2001 (File No. 001-15827).
- (7) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with Visteon's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on February 27, 2001 (File No. 001-15827).
- (8) Incorporated by reference to Appendix F of Visteon's 2001 Proxy Statement, filed on March 26, 2001 (File No. 001-15827).

Visteon Corporation and Subsidiaries
CALCULATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES
(in millions)

	First Six Months 2001	For the Years Ended December 31,				
		2000	1999	1998	1997	1996
Earnings						
Income before income taxes	\$ (2)	\$439	\$ 1,172	\$ 1,116	\$815	\$604
Equity in net (income)/loss of affiliates plus dividends from affiliates	(2)	(39)	(23)	(9)	(13)	(31)
Adjusted fixed charges a/	94	212	172	104	98	90
Earnings	\$ 90	\$612	\$ 1,321	\$ 1,211	\$900	\$663
Fixed Charges						
Interest expense b/	\$ 76	\$176	\$ 149	\$ 86	\$ 94	\$ 79
Interest portion of rental expense c/	19	39	24	17	12	7
Fixed charges	\$ 95	\$215	\$ 173	\$ 103	\$106	\$ 86
Ratios						
Ratios of earnings to fixed charges d/	N/A	2.8	7.6	11.8	8.5	7.7

a/ Fixed charges, as shown below, adjusted to exclude the amount of interest capitalized during the period.

b/ Includes interest, whether expensed or capitalized, and amortization of debt issuance expense and discount or premium relating to any indebtedness.

c/ One-third of all rental expense is deemed to be interest.

d/ For the six months ended June 30, 2001, fixed charges exceeded earnings by \$5 million, resulting in a ratio of less than one.

July 24, 2001

Securities and Exchange Commission
450 Fifth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20549

Commissioners:

We are aware that our report dated July 18, 2001 on our review of interim financial information of Visteon Corporation (the “Company”) as of and for the period ended June 30, 2001 and included in the Company’s quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter then ended is incorporated by reference in its Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-40034) and Form S-8 (Nos. 333-39756, 333-39758, and 333-40202).

Very truly yours,

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP